

HE WEATHER

A) Match each of the following words with the correct picture.

forecast

cloud

fog

mist

sun

snow

wind

rain













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(1) B) Put each of the following adjectives in the correct space in the passage below. Listen and check.

wet	hot	freezing	cold	clear
dry	mild	changeable	warm	cloudy

I always watch the weather forecast on television to see what tomorrow's weather will be like. In					
England the weather changes very often. It's very (a) Sometimes it rains for a day or two,					
but after the (b) weather, often with noisy thunderstorms, it sometimes (c) for a					
long time, with no rain at all. On some days the sun shines and the sky is (d) but on other days					
it is so (e) you can't see the sun. The summers aren't usually very (f) but the					
temperature usually reaches 25° , so it's quite (g) In winter it is sometimes quite					
(h) and pleasant but sometimes it's very (i) or even (j) The climate isn't					
very good for holidays but it makes the countryside green.					

C) Finish each sentence on the left below with the correct verb on the right.

(a) We get wet when it

- (1) shines.
- (b) When it's very cold, everything
- (2) rains.
- (c) Children enjoy playing games when it
- (3) blows.
- (d)It's cold in England when a north wind
- (4) freezes.

yourself.

(e) It's warm and pleasant when the sun

(f) When it rains very heavily, it

- (5) pours.
- (6) snows.
- Which is bigger, your active or your passive vocabulary?

Passive and Active Vocabulary Your passive vocabulary: the words and phrases

you recognise, know, and understand even if you

Your active vocabulary: the words and phrases

you not only uderstand but can use confidentally

cannot use them all with confidence.

You can increase your passive vocabulary by reading, listening and using books like this. You can increase your active vocabulary by using these words in conversation and writing.

D)	What's t	he weather	like in	your	countr	у?

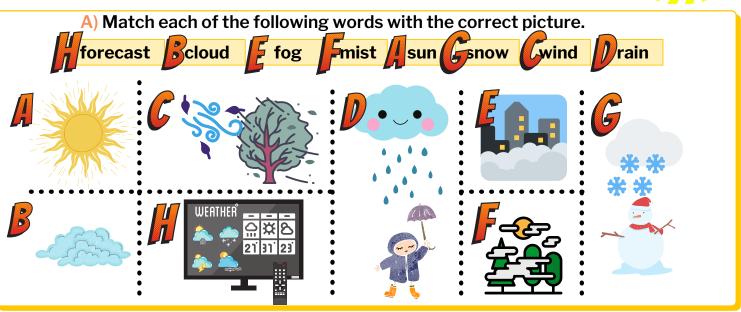
Grade & Section:

Teacher:		



THE WEATHER - Answer Key

Date:



B) Put each of the following adjectives in the correct space in the passage below. Listen and check.

wet hot freezing cold clear dry mild changeable warm cloudy

I always watch the weather forecast on television to see what tomorrow's weather will be like. In England the weather changes very often. It's very (a)changeable Sometimes it rains for a day or two, but after the (b) wet weather, often with noisy thunderstorms, it sometimes (c) dry for a long time, with no rain at all. On some days the sun shines and the sky is (d) clear but on other days it is so (e) cloudy you can't see the sun. The summers aren't usually very (f) but the temperature usually reaches 25°, so it's quite (g) warm. In winter it is sometimes quite (h) and pleasant but sometimes it's very (i) cold or even (j) freezing. The climate isn't very good for holidays but it makes the countryside green.

C) Finish each sentence on the left below with the correct verb on the right.

- (a) We get wet when it
- (b) When it's very cold, everything
- (c) Children enjoy playing games when it
- (d)It's cold in England when a north wind
- (e) It's warm and pleasant when the sun
- (f) When it rains very heavily, it

shines.

- 🚜) blows.
- 뿨 freezes.
- pours.
 - snows.

D) What's the weather like in your country?

Passive and Active Vocabulary

Your passive vocabulary: the words and phrases you recognise, know, and understand even if you cannot use them all with confidence.

Your active vocabulary: the words and phrases you not only uderstand but can use confidentally yourself.

Which is bigger, your active or your passive vocabulary?

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